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To: Skilled Nursing Facilities, Rest Homes, Assisted Living Residences

From: Kevin Cranston, MDiv, Director, BIDLS

Elizabeth Kelley, MBA, MPH, Director, BHCSQ

Date: December 1, 2022

RE: Updates to Long-Term Care Surveillance and Outbreak Testing

This update to the guidance:

- aligns the recently recovered time period to 30 days as recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- replaces the outbreak test kit request form with a web link

Overview

This memorandum applies to all long-term care facilities (LTC facility) including nursing homes, rest homes and assisted living residences (ALRs). In an effort to maintain a sustainable and meaningful surveillance testing program to identify cases of SARS-CoV2 in Massachusetts and mitigate the risk of facility-based outbreaks, the Department of Public Health (DPH) is updating this surveillance testing memorandum to incorporate recent changes the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) made to testing guidance for recently recovered individuals. Compliance with the testing program is required in nursing homes and rest homes. Compliance with the testing program is recommended in ALRs. This guidance replaces Updates to Long-Term Care Surveillance Testing guidance issued on June 10, 2022.

To protect the health and safety of LTC residents and staff against the spread of COVID-19, all LTC settings must continue to implement the surveillance testing program in accordance with this updated memorandum and, with respect to nursing homes participating in MassHealth, with accompanying MassHealth guidance. Any test conducted in accordance with this guidance must have Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval or emergency use authorization as a SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic test. For the purposes of a provider's surveillance testing program, providers may select the beginning and end days of a 7-day period (hereafter a "week"/ "weekly") with the understanding that it remains consistent. This testing program may be updated as more is learned about the COVID-19 virus.

A. Surveillance Testing Program

All LTC facility staff who are up to date with COVID-19 vaccines¹ must conduct weekly testing. Staff who are not up to date with COVID-19 vaccines must conduct twice-weekly testing. Staff who are not up to date with COVID-19 vaccines should be tested on two non-consecutive days during the testing week. Staff surveillance testing is not required to be conducted onsite; however, a LTC facility must develop and maintain policies to document staff surveillance testing is being conducted in accordance with this guidance.

If the staff testing results indicate a positive COVID-19 staff member(s) who worked while potentially infectious, then the provider must conduct outbreak testing of all potentially exposed residents and staff, including those who are up to date with COVID-19 vaccines and those who are not, to ensure there are no additional cases and to assist in proper cohorting of residents. Testing must take place as soon as possible. If the LTC facility identifies that the resident or staff member's first exposure occurred less than 1 day ago, then they should wait to test until 1 day after any exposure, if known.

For purposes of this memorandum, CDC and CMS define a close contact as being within 6 feet of a case for 15 minutes or more while they were symptomatic or within the 48 hours before symptom onset or, if asymptomatic, the 48 hours before the positive sample was collected through the 10 days after symptoms began or the positive sample was collected. Symptoms of COVID-19 include fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea.

LTC facilities must report positive antigen test results and positive molecular point of care test results to DPH's Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences (BIDLS) if they are not self-administered. Results of positive tests should be reported to DPH using Casetivity, with "COVID-19" in the "Test" field. If your facility does not have access to Casetivity, you will need to gain access by sending an email to ImmediateDiseaseReporting@mass.gov and following the instructions you receive. Skilled nursing facilities must also complete CDC's National Healthcare Safety Network Weekly COVID-19 Vaccination Module for Healthcare Personnel².

B. Previously Positive Individuals Cleared from Isolation:

Individuals previously diagnosed with COVID-19 infection confirmed by diagnostic testing may continue to have PCR detection of viral RNA for many weeks. This does not correlate with the presence or transmissibility of live virus. Due to evidence of local transmission of variants of concern, and limited data of the effectiveness of natural immunity from a prior infection, individuals more than 30 days from the date of original infection should be included in surveillance and outbreak testing.

Accordingly, for the purposes of the surveillance testing program, previously COVID-19 positive staff less than 30 days from the date of original infection do not need to be re-tested. Additionally, it is clinically recommended for individuals previously diagnosed with COVID-19 to be retested under the following circumstances:

i. Individuals who were previously diagnosed with COVID-19, and who develop clinically compatible symptoms, should be retested if they are more than 30 days past the date of original

¹ https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/stay-up-to-date.html#recommendations

² https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/ltc/index.html

- infection. If the test is positive, the individual must be isolated and considered to be possibly reinfected. Consult a DPH epidemiologist for guidance if needed.
- ii. Individuals who were previously diagnosed with COVID-19 and who are identified as a close contact of a confirmed case should be retested if they are more than 30 days from their date of original infection.

C. Additional Testing:

In addition to performing surveillance testing, LTC facilities should also conduct testing as needed under the following circumstances:

- for individuals entering the facility who are not regularly reporting staff (e.g., visitors);
- testing symptomatic staff and residents at the LTC facility;
- testing asymptomatic staff and residents at the LTC facility as part of outbreak testing; and
- testing for staff who feel they are at increased risk of exposure.

If a LTC facility is experiencing a COVID-19 outbreak and needs to perform outbreak testing, DPH will supply additional antigen point of care testing kits upon request. LTC facilities should submit the request form found at the following link: https://bit.ly/3fy0kXy

D. Staff Definition:

For purposes of conducting testing and implementing a surveillance testing program and, in accordance with CMS and CDC guidance, LTC staff includes employees, consultants, contractors, volunteers, caregivers who provide care and services to residents on behalf of the facility, and students in the facility's nurse aide training programs or from affiliated academic institutions reporting to the facility during the relevant testing period. For the purposes of a LTC provider's surveillance testing program, staff does not include persons who work entirely remotely or off-site, employees on leave, such as paid family medical leave, or staffing provided at the Commonwealth's expense (such as those provided by EOHHS through a clinical rapid response team). Any positive testing completed by the provider must capture required Department of Public Health information about each staff person including but not limited to gender, age, race, ethnicity, primary city/town of residence, disability, primary language, and occupation.

LTC providers in Massachusetts are encouraged to monitor the CMS and CDC website for up-to-date information and resources:

• CMS website: https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency- Information/Emergency/EPRO/Current-Emergencies/Current-Emergencies-page

CDC website: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/nursing-home-long-term-care.html

Additionally, please visit DPH's website that provides up-to-date information on COVID-19 in Massachusetts: https://www.mass.gov/2019coronavirus and DPH's COVID-19 Public Health Guidance and Directives: https://www.mass.gov/info-details/covid-19-public-health-guidance-and-directives